

<b>Crop(s)</b>	<b>Ornamentals</b>
<b>Disease(s)</b>	<b>Myrtle rust</b>

Resistance management strategy for:

<b>Group 3</b>	Demethylation inhibitors (DMI);
<b>Group 7</b>	Succinate Dehydrogenase inhibitors (SDHI);
<b>Group 3 + 11</b>	DMI + Quinone outside inhibitors (QoI); and
<b>Group 11</b>	QoI.

## Guidelines

1. Fungicide groups that are classified as medium to high risk for fungicide resistance development, **Group 3, 7** and **11** should be rotated as a key feature to reduce the development of resistance.
2. **Do not** apply more than two (2) consecutive sprays of fungicides from **Group 3, 7** or **11**, unless mixed with a registered fungicide from a different more of action group with no known resistance or low resistance risk.
3. If consecutive sprays of a **Group 7 or 11**, are applied, they must be followed by at least two applications of fungicide from a different group(s) before the same high-risk fungicide is used again.

### Please note:

This strategy is a guide only and does not endorse particular products, groups of products or cultural methods in terms of their performance. Always follow the product label for specific use instructions. While all effort has been made with the information supplied in this document, no responsibility, actual or implied, is taken for the day to day accuracy of product or active constituent specific information. Readers should check with the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority's product database for contemporary information on products and actives. The database can be sourced through [www.apvma.gov.au](http://www.apvma.gov.au). The information given in this strategy is provided in good faith and without any liability for loss or damage suffered as a result of its application and use. Advice given in this strategy is valid as at 26 June 2025. All previous versions of this strategy are now invalid.